_______ DIFEN WHOLE GRAIN DIFENACOUM WHOLE GRAIN BAIT

Active ingredient: Difenacoum 0.005% w/w (0.05 g/kg) AUTHORISATION NUMBER: GB-2011-0143-0004; NI-2011-0143-0004 A READY-TO-USE (RB) LOOSE GRAIN BAIT. FOR USE AS A RODENTICIDE BY TRAINED PROFESSIONALS. FOR THE CONTROL OF RATS AND MUCE, INDOORS AND OUTDOORS AROUND BUILDINGS AND IN SEWERS.

Killgerm®

May damage the unhorn child. May cause damage to organs: Noloof) through prolonged or roposted exposure. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle unitial larisfor proceedings have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Wear protective gloves. If exposed or concerned: 6ct medical advice/itention. Store lock of up. Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous waste disposal contractor or collections liste except for energh value. Nath. can be disposed of as non-hazardow waste.



DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Read and follow the product information as well as any information accompanying the product or provided at the point of sale before using it. Carry out a pre-bailing survey of the infested area and an on-site assessment in order to identify the nodent species, their place of activity and determine the likely cause and the extent of the infestation. Remove food which is readily attainable for nodents (e.g. spilled pain or food vaste). Apart from this, do not clean up the infested are a just before treatment: at this low (shaturk the nodent toppolation and makes bait acceptance more difficult to achieve. The product should only be used as part of an integrated pest management (IPM) system induding, amongst others, hygiene measures and where possible physical methods control. The product should be placed in the immediate value (ning of places where nodent activity bear previously explored (e.g. rodent runs nesting sites, holes, burrows, travel paths; feedlots etc). Where possible bait stations must be fixed to the ground or other structures. Bait stations must be clearly labelled to show they contain nodenticides and the they must not be mored or opened.

Bait must be secured to that it cannot be diagoed away from the bait station. Place the product out of reach of children, birds, pets and farm animals, and other non-target animals. Wear protective chemical resistant glowes during the product handling phase (PB/34). Place the product away from food, drink and animal fleeting stuffs, as well as from utensils or suffaces that have contact with these. When using do not est drink or smole. Wash hands and directly proposed sin after using the product. The frequency of visits to the treated area must be at the discretion of the operator, in the light of the survey conducted at the outset of the treatment. That frequency isolid be consistent with the recommendations provided by the CRRU IK Code of Best Practice (or equinatent), lifbat uptake is low relative to the size of the infestation, consider the replacement of bait points to further places and the possibility to change to another bait formulation. If after a treatment period of 35 days, baits continued be consumed and no docline in noder activity observer, the likely cases must be determined. Where other elements have been excluded, it is likely that there are resistant rodents so consider the use of a non anticoogulant rodenticide, where available, or a more potent anticoogulant indenticide. Also consider the use of a non anticoogulant adternative control measure. Sites where burrow baiting is used should be visited more frequently than those where secure bait boxes are employed. Place the bait in the baiting point by using a dosage device. Minimise dust production e.g. by we wrights.

APPLICATION DETAILS: for Rats (*Ratus* nonegice): Scene up to 200g of product in overed tamper resistant baiting stations or covered bait points spaced 10m apart (Sm apart in areas of high infestation) in areas where rats are active. The product can also be applied directly into a burrows. For rat control in severs (*Ratus* nonegicus): Scene up to 200g of product per manhole. Ensure product is and/need or applied in bait stations or covered and protected bait points spaced throm getting into contact with waste water. For *Wise* (*Natus* nonegicus Secure up to 50g of product in overed tamper resistant baiting stations or covered bait points spaced 10m apart (Sm apart in high infestation areas) in areas where mice are active. Regularly check bait consumption and replace consumed or spollable until consumption has stopped. Repeat treatment in stations where thes e keidence of new infestation (e.g. firsh tracks or dropping). Tamper resistant bait stations must be: Strong enough to protect using bands, feet or objects reasonably expected to be available in the use area (e.g. household objects, tops etc); Lodable or seables on that dilaten and dogs, cannot gain access through the opening. Resistant to baitstruction or weakening from exposure to typical non-catastophic weather (e.g. direct sunlight, extremes of temperature and humithr, and nonverd).

RISK INITIGATION MEASURES: Where possible, prior to treatment, inform any bystanders about the nodent control campaign. Do not use where resistance to the active substance is suspected. Products shall not be used beyond 35 days without an evaluation of the state of the infestation and of the efficacy of the treatment (unless permanent bailing). Do not totate the use of affreent anticoagulants with comparable or weaker potency for resistance management purposes for motional use, comodier using a non-microagulant notenicide, if available, or a more potent anticoagulant. Do not wash the bait stations or utensils used in covered or protected bait points, with water between applications. Dispose of doad notents in accordance with local requirements. In the IK poisoned notents may be disposed of by the wate polyouer at an incinearitor or landfill permitted to accept that type of waste, or collected by a registered waste carrier and taken for disposal at a suitably permitted site. For utther information on disposal contract the Environment Agency (https://www. environment.agency.gov.uk), the Northern Ireland Environment Agency (https://www.daea-ni.gov.uk/ northem-ineland-environment.agency (https://www.daea-ni.gov.uk/ northem-ineland-environent.agency (https://www.daea-ni

USE-SPECIFC INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE AND RISK INITIGATION MEASURES (INDOOR USE): Remove the remaining product at the end of the treatment period. Sites under a permanent baiting regime should be impected regularly in accordance with product label directors. The period between visits should be determined by the Fednikain in charge but will be no longer than every four weeks when permanent baiting conducted outdoors. For permanent baiting follow any advisorial diritional instructions provided by the CRB (U durance on Permanent Baiting. Where possible prior to the treatment inform any bystanders (e.g. users of the treated area and their sumoundings) about the rodent control campaign. Consider preventative control measures (e.g. plug block, remove potential food and dimit as far as possible) to improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinvasion. To refluce the risk of secondary poisoning search for and remove dead oderts during practice. Permanent baiting strictly limited to take with a high potential for reinvasion when other methods of control have prove insufficient. The permanent baiting strategy shall be periodically reviewed in the context of integrated perturbanding private method to the insk for the infectation. Do not use the product in judged baiting treatments. When placing baits done to the relation go vided by the proven condition.

USE-SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE AND RISK MITIGATION MEASURES (OUTDOOR AROUND

BUILDINGS): Protect bait from atmospheric conditions. Place the baiting points in areas not liable to flooding. Replace any bait in baiting points which bait has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt. Remove the remaining product at the end of the treatment period (except when directly applied to burrows). Sites under a permanent baiting regime should be inspected regularly in accordance with product label directions. The period between visits should be determined by the Technician in charge but will be no longer than every four weeks when permanent baiting is conducted outdoors. For permanent baiting follow any additional instructions provided by the CRRU Guidance on Permanent Baiting. Baits must be placed to minimise the exposure to non-target species and children. Cover or block the entrances of baited burrows to reduce the risks of bait being rejected and spilled. Follow any additional instructions provided by the CRRU UK Code of Best Practice (or equivalent). For outdoor use, baiting points must be covered and placed in strategic sites to minimise the exposure to non-target species. Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any bystanders (e.g. users of the treated area and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign. Consider preventative control measures (e.g. plug holes, remove potential food and drink as far as possible) to improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinvasion. To reduce the risk of secondary poisoning, search for and remove dead rodents during treatment at frequent intervals, in line with the recommendations provided by the relevant code of best practice. Permanent baiting is strictly limited to sites with a high potential for reinvasion when other methods of control have proven insufficient. The permanent baiting strategy shall be periodically reviewed in the context of integrated pest management (IPM) and the assessment of the risk for re-infestation. Do not use the product in pulsed baiting treatments. When placing bait points close to surface waters (e.g. rivers, ponds, water channels, dykes, irrigation ditches) or water drainage systems, ensure that bait contact with water is avoided.

> Killgerm Chemicals Ltd., Wakefield Road, Ossett, West Yorkshire WF5 9AJ (UK) t 01924 268400 f 01924 264757 e sales@killgerm.com www.killgerm.com

USE-SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE AND RISK INITIGATION MEASURES (SEWERS): Baits must be applied in a way so that they do not come into contact with water and are not washed away. Where possible, it is recommended that the treated area is revisited every 4 weeks at the latest in order to avoid any selection of aresistant population. Do not use the product in pulsed baiting treatments. Permanent baiting is strictly limited to sites with a high potential for reinvasion when other methods of control have poven insufficient. The permanent baiting stategy shall be periodically reviewed in the context of integrated pest management (PPM) and the assessment of the risk for re-infestation.

PARTICULARS OF LIKELY DIRECT OR INDIRECT TEFECTS, FIRST JADI INSTRUCTIONS AND EMERGENCY MEASURESTO PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT: This product contains an anticaagulant substance. If ingested, symptoms, which may be delayed, may include nosobied and bleeding guns. In severe case, there may be brusing and blood present in the facecs and urine. Antidote Vitamin K1 administered by medical / veterinary personnel only. In case of Dermal exposure, wash sin with water and then with water and sage, bee possure, intere eyes with eye-rine liquid or water, keep eyelids open for at least 10 minutes. Onel eposure, intere most activity with vater. Never give anything by month to an unmonscious, person. Do not provide womiting. If svallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the product container or label. UK medical professionals should contact the Hational Pisovos Information Service (www.nglk.org) for further advice. Contact a veterinary surgeon in case of incaset hous and public Bastitations must be labeled with the Iblowing information: "Product name or authorisation number"/ "Active substance(s)", "Contains a nodenticide", "Do not move or open" and in case facilitation.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SAFE DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT AND ITS PACKAGING: At the end of the treatment, dispose of meaten bait and the lopadoging in accordance with local requirements. Use of glows is recommended. For information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (http://www.environmentagency.gov.uk), the Northern Heand Environment Agency (http://www.dear-ni.gov.uk/northem-ineland environment-agency.org of SIPA (http://www.sepa.org.uk)

CONDITIONS OF STORAGE AND SHEFF LIFE OF PRODUCT UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS OF STORAGE: Store in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Keep the container dosed and away from direct sunlight. Store in place spevented from access by children, brites, pets and farm animals.

Shelf life: 2 years

OTHER INFORMATION: Because of their delayed mode of action, anticoagulant rodenticides take from 4 days to 10 days to be effective after consumption of bait. Rodents can be disease carriers. Do not touch dead moents with bare hands, use gloves or use tools such as tongs when disposing of them. This product contains a bittering agent and a dye.

APPROVAL HOLDER: In GB: Rentokil Initial UK Ltd, Compass House, Manor Royal, Crawley, West Sussex, RH10 9PY, UK.

In NI: Rentokil Initial Limited, Hazel House, W91 PXP3, Ireland. Sakarat is a registered trademark of Killgerm Chemicals Ltd Batch No/Expiry Date: See pack. Label number: CLP24-071

Contents: 6kg

Batch No and D.O.M: See Separate Stickers



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